Shinho PA-3000-HZ Series (Single phase)



Features

- · Compact and lightweight
- · Phase control/frequency division control selectable
- · Automatic frequency detecting function
- · Linearization of Input/Output characteristics
- · Programmable soft start time

The PA-3000-HZ series includes a phase control system function for efficient control and a frequency division control system function for noise reduction.

Phase control system

This control system allows infinite resolution. Power to the load can be smoothly adjusted by varying α (conduction angle) modulation depending on the input signal.



Frequency division control system

This control system suppresses noise. Power to the load can be adjusted by varying ON/OFF time ratio depending on the input signal.



PA-3000-HZ series is compact and lightweight, which allows for ease of mounting in an instrumentation panel. Six models for current ratings of 20A, 30A, 40A, 50A, 75A and 100A are available for the regulation of AC power in conjunction with a controller. Two control systems, phase control (H) for continuous power control and frequency division control (Z) with zero-cross switching, can be selected by the built-in switch and available for various applications and power environments.

Model name

P A - 3 - H Z				Single phase	
	020		2 0 A	W/48×H172×D142mm	
Rated current	030		3 0 A	W48AH172AD14311111	
	040		4 0 A		
	050		5 0 A		
	075		7 5 A	W116×H200×D157mm	
	100		1 0 0 A		
Control system		ΗZ	Z H: Phase control (Default), Z: Frequency division control		

Please specify the specifications from the above For further details, consult the agent or us.

Ordering example



External dimensions

PA-3020-HZ, PA-3030-HZ





PA-3075-HZ, PA-3100-HZ



3.5

Standard specifications

	PA-3020-HZ 20A PA-3050-HZ 50A						
Rated current	PA-3030-HZ 30A PA-3075-HZ 75A						
	PA-3040-HZ 40A PA-3100-HZ 100A						
	DC current: 4 to 20mA DC						
Input signal	DC voltage: 1 to 5V DC or ON/OFE contact signal (selectable by terminals)						
Input resistance	1000 (4 to 20mA DC) 25k0 (1 to 5V DC)						
mputroblotanee							
Pated voltage	Commente 100/Uline and 200/Uline (calestable by terminale)						
Haled Voltage	Allowable voltage fluctuation range: 90 to 110% of the rated voltage						
A CONTRACTOR OF	Anowable voltage incluation range, so to 110% of the rated voltage						
	50/60Hz (automatic selection)						
Rated frequency	Allowable frequency fluctuation: $\pm 2Hz$ of the rated frequency (operation guarantee)						
	\pm 1Hz of the rated frequency (performance guarantee)						
Output range	0 to 98% of the rated voltage						
Minimum load current	0.5A (At 98% output)						
	Resistive load						
Applicable load	Inductive load (transformer primary control,						
	Gauss: 1.25T or less for Phase control system only)						
Control sustan	Phase control/Frequency division control						
Control system	(Selectable by built-in DIP switch)						
	Gradient setting (0 to 100%)						
Output setting range	Lower-limit setting (0 to 100%)						
Other functions	Soft start, Soft up/down (approx. 1 to 20 seconds)						
	Sont start at reset of power interruption						
Mounting method	Surface mounting						
Isolation resistance	Between power terminal and case: $20M\Omega$ or greater at 500V DC						
Dielectric strength	Between power terminal and ground (radiation fin): 2000V AC for 1 minute						
	Soft start time setting						
	The Soft start time and Soft up/down time are programmable.						
	I his function can handle a rapid change of load voltage and input signal,						
	Gradient setting function						
Attached functions	The output gradient according to input signal can be adjusted by a built-in						
	trimmer. A gradient setting unit can also be connected externally.						
	Lower-limit setting function						
	By the built-in lower-limit setting unit, the variation band of output according						
	to UN/UFF contact input signal can be adjusted, so efficient control can be						
	performed. A Early and a start and be connected externally.						
Ambient temperature	-15 to 55 C (Operation guarantee)						
	0 to 40°C (Performance guarantee)						
Ambient humidity	30 to 90%RH						
	20A, 30A : Approx. 1.0kg						
Weight	40A, 50A : Approx. 1.3kg						
	75A, 100A : Approx. 1.9kg						
Accessories	Instruction manual, 1 copy						

Terminal arrangement and name (30A)



Mounting hole (2-M5)

Name	Functions					
(1) POWER lamp	Lights up (green) when the power is supplied to terminals $(\ensuremath{\mathfrak{g}}, \ensuremath{\mathfrak{g}})$ and $(\ensuremath{\mathfrak{g}})$. Flashes while identifying the frequency after the power is turned on.					
(2) Gain trimmer (gradient)	Gradient setting is possible. 100% when turned fully to the right \frown . Generally used at 100%. For Current/Voltage input, the gradient setting unit is installed externally.					
(3) Lower limit setting trimmer	Output value when control input is 0% (Terminal ⊕ is connected to ©) can be set. The output value becomes 0% when it is turned fully to the left √. Generally used at 0% position. For the contact input, the lower-limit setting unit is also installed externally.					
(4) Soft start setting trimmer	Soft start time can be set. When it is turned fully to the left C: Approx. 1 second. When it is turned fully to the right C: Approx. 20 seconds					
(5) SW1	Switches frequency division control (ON) or phase control (OFF).					
(6) SW2	Not used. Be sure to switch this to the OFF position.					
(7) Main circuit terminals	Terminals for main circuit (U1, U2) running to the thyristor element.					
(8) Control input	Input terminals for current (4 to 20mA DC) or voltage (1 to 5V DC) signal to control the output					
(9) Setting unit connection	For Current/Voltage input: Terminals to connect the gradient setting unit and manual setting unit externally For Contact input: Terminals to connect output signals ((), (), ()) from the controller with upper-limit and lower-limit setting units					
(10) Power supply	Terminals to supply power to the power controller 100 to 120V AC: Terminals ⑧ and ⑨, 200 to 240V AC: Terminals ⑧ and ⑩					

Wiring example

• Current signal 4 to 20mA DC





2

(3

1

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8

9

10

Manual setting unit

0

2kΩ

• Voltage signal 1 to 5V DC



 Current signal 4 to 20mA DC with gradient setting unit



 Current signal 4 to 20mA DC with manual setting unit



 Parallel running of 3 units by 4 to 20mA DC



Contact input signal

• With upper-limit setting unit only

• With upper-limit setting unit and lower-limit setting unit



• Current signal 4 to 20mA DC with gradient setting unit and manual setting unit





PA-3000-H3 series (Three-phase)



Phase control system for efficient control

To ensure enhanced input/output characteristics, partial feedback of outputs is provided with the phase control system. The power controllers based on the phase control system are available with voltage feedback, current feedback, power feedback and no feedback type. The optimal power controllers can be selected according to the particular characteristics of the heating element (nichrome wire, silicon carbide or other materials).

Features

- Compact and lightweight
- · 12 types of current ratings
- · Optimal model selection according to the characteristics of the heating element
- Various types of protection function

Model

Control system	Rated current									
	30A	50A	75A	100A	150A	200A	250A	300A	400A	500A
Phase control,										
Voltage feedback	FA-3030-VH3	15 FA-3030-VH3	FA-3073-VH3	FA-3100-VH3	PA-3150-VH3	FA-3200-VH3	FA-3230-VH3	FA-3300-VH3	FA-3400-VH3	FA-3300-VH3
Phase control,	DV 3030 VH3		DA 3075 AU3			DV 3300 VH3	DV 3320 VH3			
Current feedback	FA-3030-AH3	FA-3030-AH3	FA-307 3-AH3	FA-3100-ALIS	FA-3130-A113	FA-3200-AI 13	FA-3230-AI 13	FA-3300-AH3	FA-3400-AH3	FA-3300-AH3
Phase control,										
Power feedback	FA-3030-FH3	FA-3030-FH3	FA-30/0-PH3	FA-3100-FH3	PA-3150-PH3	PA-3200-PH3	FA-3230-PH3	FA-3300-FH3	FA-3400-FH3	FA-3000-PH3
Phase control,										
No feedback	FA-3030-H3	FA-3030-H3	FA-3075-H3	FA-3100-H3	FA-3150-H3	FA-3200-H3	FA-3230-H3	FA-3300-H3	FA-3400-H3	FA-3500-H3
	- · ·									

For a feedback type, 3 pieces of CT (Current transformer) are required for detection of load current and over-current.

Specifications

Dhases								
Phases								
Rated voltage	200V AC (Selection with the 200V/220V/240V switch)							
	400V AC (Selection with the 380V/400V/440V switch), to be specified							
	with the standard specifications, the power supply to the main circuit and control circuit is common.							
	A special type using separate power supplies for the circuits can also be manufactured as an option.							
Rated current	30A, 50A, 75A, 100A, 150A, 200A, 250A, 300A, 400A, 500A to be specified							
Rated frequency	50/60 Hz (Automatic switching)							
Allowable voltage fluctuation	±10% of the rated voltage							
Allowable frequency fluctuation	±2 Hz of the rated frequency							
Control system	Phase angle control, zero-cross control							
Arms	6-arm							
Feedback type	Voltage, current, power							
Control input signal	4 to 20mA DC (input resistance approx. 100 Ω , max. allowable current 25mA DC) 1 to 5V DC(input resistance approx. 50 k Ω , max. allowable voltage 10V DC)							
Remote setting input	Trimmer signal (10 k Ω recommended, 2 to 20 k Ω allowable)							
Remote contact input	Non-voltage contact signal or open-collector signal (External contact capacity 1mA, 5V DC or more)							
Remote CT input	0 to 5A AC of the rated current							
Slope	0% to 100% of the output range							
Elevation	0% to 100% of the output range							
Soft start time	Approx. 1 to 20 sec.							
Current limit	0% to 100% of the output range							
Imbalance rate adjustment	Output balance adjustment in the range of approx. 40% is enabled.							
Output range	0 to 98% of the supply voltage							
	Without feedback: +10% of the rated voltage							
	With voltage feedback: ±3% of the rated voltage							
	(when rated voltage fluctuation is within $\pm 10\%$ and the load resistance fluctuation is within 1 to 10 times)							
	With current feedback + 13% of the rated current							
Output accuracy	(when rated voltage fluctuation is within $\pm 10\%$ and the load resistance fluctuation is within 1 to 10 times)							
o alpar accaracy	With power feedback: ±3% of the rated power							
	(when rated voltage fluctuation is within $\pm 10\%$ and the load resistance fluctuation is within 1 to 3 times)							
	The accuracy is under the reference operating condition and in the range of 10% to 90% of the ratings and is not specified							
	under other conditions. The error of the CT is not included.							
	Resistive load inductive load							
Applied load	The inductive load is applicable only in the control of the primary side of a transformer in the phase angle control method. The							
Applied load	The induction of the provide only in the control of the provide of a radioteriment in the phase dright control. The							
Minimum load ourrent	In a density recommended to the transformer is 1.2.1 of less.							
	0.34 of more targets of output at the fated voltage)							
	Over-current alarm (Alarm output: AL 1)							
	Rapid-break fuse meltdown alarm (Alarm output: AL1)							
	Radiation fin over-neat alarm (Alarm output: AL1)							
	Heater disconnection alarm (Alarm output: AL2)							
Alarm types	Thyristor element abnormality alarm (Alarm output: AL2)							
Alarin types	Imbalance alarm (Alarm output: AL2)							
	Running abnormality alarm							
	Phase-sequence abnormality alarm (Alarm output: AL3)							
	Open-phase abnormality alarm (Alarm output: AL3)							
	Frequency abnormality alarm (Alarm output: AL3)							
Alarm output points	Alarmoutaut ALI ALI2. When the alarm is activated the output is turned on							
	Alarm output ALT, ALZ which the datin is activated, the output is turned off.							
	AnamoupurALS When the alarm is activated, the output is furned on.							
	Mechanical relay, rom A contact Max. road 240V AC/TA, 30V DC/TA, min. road 5V DC/TomA or more							
Electrical life	100,000 cycles or more							
Contact protection element	Not built in							

Over-current protection device	Rapid-break fuse is melted down when the load is short-circuited. Output 0% (gate OFF) at approx. 120% of the rated current The current limit function can set the upper current limit arbitrarily. On the condition that a CT matching the rated current should be connected							
Remote setting types	Slope (AI1), Elevation (AI2), Current limit (AI3)							
Remote contact types	Running status (DI1 Control system (DI2 Setting method (DI3	: Run/Stop) : Phase angl : Front panel	e control/zero-cross control) /Remote setting)					
Cooling system	Rated current 75 A	or less: Natur	al air cooling Rated curre	ent 100 A or more: Forced a	air cooling			
Working temperature	-10°C to 55°C The following derating characteristic is applicable at 40°C or more. $ \begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & $							
Working humidity	30% to 90%RH, No	condensatio	n.					
Insulation resistance	Between power sup	ply terminal a	and protective conductor (GN	ND) terminals: 500V DC/50	MΩ or more			
Withstanding voltage	Between power supply terminal and protective conductor (GND) terminals: 2000V AC/1 min. (200V type) Between power supply terminal and protective conductor (GND) terminals: 2500V AC/1 min. (400V type) With the instrument with the cooling fan(s) (i.e. rated current 100A or more), the fan power cord should be unplugged (the cooling fan has a withstanding voltage of 2000V AC and should be eliminated).							
				0001/00000000	100\/			
	Deted summer	204 504 75	A	200V supply type	400V supply type			
Power consumption	Rated current 30A, 50A, 75A			15VA	20VA			
	Rated current	100A		40VA	55VA			
	Rated current	150A, 300A	4004 5004	AVC0	90VA 125\/A			
Generated heat	Rated current 30A 50A 75A		Max. heat generation 140W 180W 260W	Rated current 250A 300A 400A	Max. heat generation 920W 1100W 1530W			
	100/		380W	500A	1980W			
External Dimensions	325 (H) x 200 (W) x 200 (D) (Rated current 30A/50A types) 325 (H) x 420 (W) x 240 (D) (Rated current 150A to 250A types) 325 (H) x 288 (W) x 220 (D) (Rated current 75A/100A types) 325 (H) x 420 (W) x 240 (D) (Rated current 300A to 500A types) Excluding projections 495 (H) x 420 (W) x 240 (D) (Rated current 300A to 500A types)							
Weight	Approx. 8 kg (Rated	current 30A	/50A types)	Approx. 22 kg (Rated current 150A to 250A types)				
	Approx. 13 kg (Rated current 75A/100A types) Approx. 36 kg (Rated current 300A to 500A types)							
Case assembly material	Ordinary steel sheets							
Color	Gray							
Installation instruction	Panel installation							
Reference operation condition	Ambient temperature : $23^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ Operating humidity : $55\% \pm 5\%$ RH (No condensation) Power voltage : Rated voltage $\pm 1\%$ Power frequency : Rated frequency Installation posture : 0° Front, rear, left and right.							
Normal operation condition	Ambient temperature : -10 to 55°C Operating humidity : 30% to 90%RH (No condensation) Power voltage : Rated voltage ± 10% Power frequency : Rated frequency ± 2 Hz Installation posture : 5°Front, rear, left and right Vibration/impact : None. Altitude : 2000 m or less Ambient temperature : -20 to 60°C							
Storage condition	Operating humidity : 5% to 90%RH (No condensation) Under the shipment packing from factory							





Connection of Setting Terminals

To prevent accidents, be sure to turn this instrument off before proceeding to the following operations. ·The connection should be performed by Shinko or other qualified service personnel.





Manual setting unit and with auto/man switching



 With slope setting unit (Slope using control input signal) Current signal (4-20mADC)





Current signal (4-20mADC) 4-20mADC (+)(16) 17 Θ-Controlle (18)



Use the two short-circuit plates, which are provided for the connections between (16) and (17) (or (17) and (18)), and between (19) and (20), as required. Be sure to check the terminal numbers when connecting them.

*1: When voltage output units are used for the remote setting inputs (AI1 to AI3),

It is necessary to isolate each output from the voltage output units when plural PA-3000-H3 are connected. In addition, the output from 1 set of the voltage output unit cannot be connected to plural PA-3000-H3 in parallel.







Connectable quantity of the PA-3000-H3 series in case of plural-unit operation is limited by the output capacity of a controller.

 (1) After completing connections, be sure to reattach the setting terminal cover.
 (2) The internal circuitry may be destroyed if an over-current or over-voltage is applied to the control input signal terminal. Be careful when applying a signal to this terminal.

Glossary

- Control Systems
- Phase angle control

The phase angle control system controls the output by varying the conducting angle θ (ON timing) within 210° (3-arm operation) or 150° (6-arm operation) of the power frequency. Most thyristor regulators employ this system.

This control is continuous compared to the zero-cross control and can be used in the primary side control of the transformer.

· Zero-cross control

The zero-cross control system controls the output by defining ON/OFF for each power waveform cycle. It generates less noise than the phase angle control. However, as the maximum current flows during the ON period and it is intermittent, the flickering phenomena (Example: Lighting flicker) may be generated. The zero-cross control can use only a Nichrome heater. Do not use it for the purposes other than the primary side control of the transformer and Nichrome heater, otherwise, the over-current alarm will activate or the rapid-break fuse will be melted down.

The pulse interval corresponds to the output updating interval. For example, when the pulse interval is 1.5 sec. (default value) and the output is 50%, the ON/OFF waveform becomes as shown on the right.



6-arm and 3-arm types

The "6-arm" type performs ON/OFF control of both the 1-side (positive) and 2-side (negative) gates of 1-power phase at the thyristor gate control. The "3-arm" type leaves the 2-side (negative) gate permanently ON. This instrument adopts the "6-arm".



- Feedback Type
- Voltage feedback type

This is a type to control with the feedback of the voltage of the load, and is optimum for a heater with a low resistance-temperature characteristic as shown on the right (Nichrome heater, etc.).

Such a heater can be controlled stably by maintaining the output voltage from the thyristor regulator to a constant level. This feedback can be used only with the phase angle control type.

Note) The voltage feedback type controls the average value of three-phase load voltage values. This type cannot control each phase individually.

Nichrome heater



Current feedback type

This is a type to control with the feedback of the current of the load, and is optimum for a heater with a high resistance-temperature characteristic as shown on the right (Molybdenum disilicide heater, etc.).

Such a heater can be controlled stably by setting the maximum output of the thyristor regulator to the maximum rated current of the heater because this makes it possible to output the current in proportion to the control input signal regardless of changes in the resistance value. This feedback can be used only with the phase angle control type.

- Note) A CT is needed for using the current feedback type. Connect a CT matching the rated current.
 - •The current feedback type controls the average value of three-phase load current values. This type cannot control each phase individually

· Power feedback type

This is a type to control with the feedback of the power of the load and is optimum for a heater, the resistance of which varies according to the generated heat temperature and varies by nearly 4 times the initial resistance value across the ages (silicon carbide heater, etc.). Such a heater can be controlled stably by detecting both the voltage and current applied to the load and by feeding back the power multiplying them.

This feedback can be used only with the phase angle control type.

- Note) A CT is needed for using the power feedback type. Connect a CT matching the rated current.
 - The power feedback type controls the power consumption of a load (whole power of three phases). $[\sqrt{3} \times \text{Average of three-phase load voltage values x Average of three-phase load voltage values]}$ This type cannot control each phase individually





The slope setting provides the output (actually the internal SV used for processing) with a slope (inclination). It is effective for example in a electric furnace with 3-zone control which 3 sets of the thyristor regulator is operated by one set of controller.

The elevation setting provides the output (actually the internal SV used for processing) with a bias. For example, even when the controller output becomes minimum, a constant base power can be applied to an electric furnace, etc.

Soft start

20 0

20

40

60

Control input (%)

80

100

This function varies the output (actually the internal SV used for processing) gradually in order to prevent sudden change in the control output when this instrument is turned on or when the control input changes drastically. For example, a rush current can be suppressed in case of the primary side control of transformer. With this instrument, the reaching time of the SV from 0% to 100% can be set arbitrarily from about 1 to 20 seconds.

In the models without feedback, the change of output (reaching time of the SV 0% to 100%) by the soft start becomes faster slightly since the actual change of output includes the operation time of the feedback control, etc. added.

Current limit

This function sets the maximum limit to the control current. For example, when the voltage feedback is used, the current flows according to the resistance of the load and the rated current of the power controller may be exceeded if only the voltage control it used. The current limit function is used in such cases. The judgment value is the average value of three-phase load current values. This function cannot control each phase individually

The following chart shows an example of current limit.



Imbalance adjustment

For the 3-phase control, although it is desirable that the voltage and current values of the three phases are the same values (balanced status), they are actually not the same values due to the reliability of the power supply and the imbalanced load (imbalanced status). When the imbalanced status is serious, the controllability is deteriorated as well as the overall reliability of the system.

The PA-3000-H3 Series incorporates the imbalance adjustment function adjusting the output value of each phase in certain range in case of the imbalanced status. This function solves the imbalanced status in a simulated manner and enables stable control. The imbalance adjustment is performed based on either the voltage or current.

· This catalog is as of April 2021, and specifications are subject to change without notice.

· If you have any inquires, please consult us or our agency.

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Temp